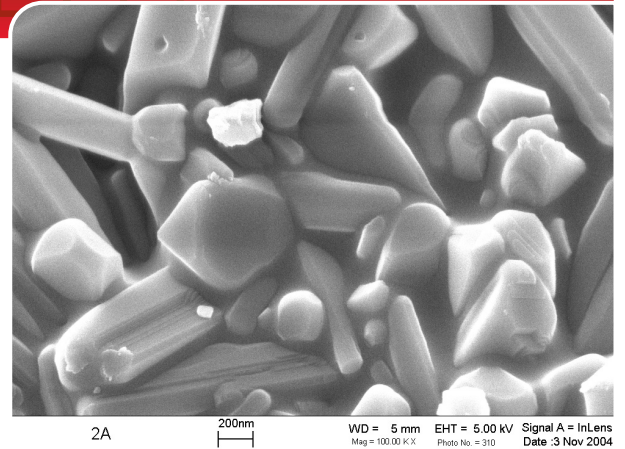


Purity • Consistent Quality • Abundant Supply • Expert Customer Service

What is Mullite?

Mullite rarely occurs as a mineral in nature. In fact, the word mullite is derived from the Isle of Mull off the English coast, where the only naturally occurring deposits of mullite have ever been found. Mullite is a mineral with a very high melting temperature of 1840° C. It is a premier acidic refractory mineral; it has no polymorphic inversions and possesses a low thermal expansion coefficient of $5.3 \times 10^{-6}/^\circ\text{C}$. Moreover when mullite re-crystallizes in a ceramic or a refractory it forms as small lenticular crystals which promote high strength, even at very high temperatures. Mullite is a key ingredient in many high temperature products.



Calcined Kyanite

Virginia Kyanite™ is converted to mullite by calcining it in excess of 1450° C in a rotary kiln. The resulting product, called Virginia Mullite™, contains about 80% mullite, 11% finely dispersed amorphous silica, 7% quartz, and about 2% cristobalite. Virginia Mullite is different in particle shape and impurities than mullite formed by calcining clay minerals. Virginia mullite contains 54-60% alumina.

Properties of Mullite

Mullite is a very important refractory material with high melting temperature, high hot strength, and excellent thermal shock resistant and high creep resistance. It is volume stable at very high temperatures and has a low coefficient of thermal expansion. It has excellent electrical insulation properties. It has outstanding hot load-bearing properties, and it is resistant to many corrosive environments.

Uses

Virginia mullite is a key ingredient in many refractory, ceramics, foundry and electrical insulators. Mullite is used in sanitary ware for providing excellent strength to the body and volume stability, and is also used in brake shoe linings. Virginia Mullite is widely used in foundries as refractory coatings for various metal castings. It provides excellent protection of metal as well as process. Virginia Mullite grains and flours are used in investment casting shells where high hot strength is desired.



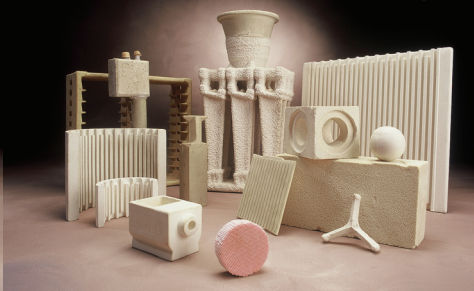
VIRGINIA MULLITE

SPECIFICATIONS

Refractories



Investment Castings



Kiln Furniture



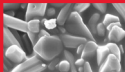
Typical Chemical Analysis (%)

| | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------|
| Al ₂ O ₃ | 56.9 (54.0 min) |
| SiO ₂ | 39.9 |
| TiO ₂ | 1.3 |
| Fe ₂ O ₃ | 0.6 (1.0 max) |
| CaO | <0.04 |
| MgO | <0.24 |
| Na ₂ O | <0.04 |
| K ₂ O | <0.07 |
| P ₂ O ₅ | <0.15 |

Mineralogy (%)

| | |
|---------------------|-------|
| Mullite | 76-82 |
| Amorphous | 8-12 |
| Quartz/Cristobalite | 5-10 |

Screen Analysis Specification of Virginia Mullite

|  | 35m (500 microns) | 48m (300 microns) | 100m (150 microns) | 150m (106 microns) | 200m (75 microns) | 325m (45 microns) | Pan |
|---|----------------------|----------------------|-----------------------|-----------------------|----------------------|----------------------|--------|
| 35 Mesh | 15-25 | 15-30 | 30-50 | | | | 10-30 |
| 48 Mesh | | 4-10 | 10-25 | 10-20 | 10-20 | | 35-55 |
| 100 Mesh | | | 5-10 | 5-15 | 10-18 | | 60-77 |
| 200 Mesh | | | | | 10 max | | 90 min |
| 325 Mesh | | | | | | 10 max | 90 min |

Screen analysis is reported on Tyler standard sieves. Pan designates material passing the last reported screen. All analysis are expressed in weight %.

